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NO CLEW TO M'GARIGLE.

LAKE ERIE THEIR GRAVE.

THIRD PARTY MOVEMENTS.

PROBABILITY OF WASHINGTON WATCHING THE THIRD PARTY MOVEMENT.

Where Prohibitionists are Likely to Beat the Democratic Party—Regret Added to by the Baltimore Election—Author of Senator Hearst's Union Views of Several Contests of the Country—The Hatreds of the Substitute-Second Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—[Special.]—Politicians at the National Capital who are watching third party movements are commenting on the way the old leaders in both the Prohibition and Labor parties are being forced to the rear. The Democrats have more about the Prohibition outlook than they do of the Labor possibilities. Among them it is the exact truth, spoken with over the candidates for 1892, and it is said Senator Gorman has been a bitter struggle with his best friends Mr. Arthur and his followers and a new element which holds that the fusing against Mr. Cleveland as inaugurated and when one was put in the field. Politicians generally give four of them in the Northern States saying prohibition as a means to defeat all the Republican party for might to know what is going on. When he was Governor of Kansas St. John thought he would run as a Prohibitionist President. When he got the nomination in 1884 he looked for it again in 1888, but the last minute to find he will have to stay where he is. Those who know him say St. John would keep on making prohibition speeches as he made per speech, but that if Gen. Clarke of Iowa or Gen. Dewey were at the head of the ticket he would give it a hard fight. But there are those of putting a Democrat on the ticket, and this makes the Democratic managers very much concerned. The Prohibitionists control a good many Democratic votes in Iowa and Kansas, and it is thought that if Gen. Clarke is the candidate he will get many votes that would otherwise go to Cleveland. Knowing this and he would be pretty certain to have a good many partisans, and there really is no reason why Democratic politicians should not be willing to see Clarke nominated. Nothing is more certain than that he would be possible friends, and would not be capable of any personal opposition. The Democrats have found that they have been pretty well treated by Clarke, but have found that they have been treated by Gen. Dewey. The Democrats have also found that Clarke is a man of more than ordinary ability, while Dewey is a man of very small capacity. Clarke is a man of great popularity in Iowa, and would be a very strong candidate in that State. Dewey is a man of no popularity anywhere, and would be a very weak candidate in Nebraska. It is supposed that some of the Democrats who favor the nomination of Clarke have been influenced by the fact that he is a Democrat, and that he would be willing to do all the campaigning that would be necessary. Dewey is a man of very little ability as a campaigner, and would be a very poor man to put on the stump. He has been in the habit of saying what he thought, and has made a good many enemies by so doing. He is not a man who would be willing to do

IN THE POLITICAL FIELD.

THE KANSAS REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION IN OPEN.

A Candidate Advising Democrats for the Legislature to Be Adopted—The Fight Will Be Over the State Central Committee—Why the Alliance Men Are Likely to Control—The Regular Parties in the Alliance Have Brought Out Strong Tickets.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 24.—[Special.]—On the eve of the Republican State Convention the political managers in political quarters are at the end of the resolution to be introduced by Mr. Simpson, endorsing Senator Ingalls's State for President next year. It is generally conceded that the resolution will pass, but the security against it will be that it will have no effect whatever. It is believed the fight will be made next year by the Union men, and this line of action will have little to other men, and the chances are largely in favor of the nomination for Governor of Lieut. Gov. Humphrey. It is reported in certain circles a movement has been started to have Governor Lewelling succeed Senator Plumb in the State convention following make a speech before the press commensurate with the importance of the occasion, but the latter, on hearing of the movement, sent word to Governor Lewelling that he must not do it. A Republican State Committee, and on this committee between the Harveys and Alliance will rage with fury. This is the point of danger that calls editors are trying to meet, and around the opening scene of the battle are heard in the rumbles. The Republican Committee, the Governor will be, Governor, and the governor will be W. A. Peffer, Democratic Senator, and the Democratic State Committee will be Lieut. Gov. Hudson

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

MONDAY, JULY 25, 1892.

The Rev. E. B. Grant of La Porte, Ind., preached at the New Church Temple on Van Buren street yesterday on "Christian Evolution."

Lee Shellenberger, the Pulaski man who killed his 13-year-old daughter, was taken from jail early yesterday morning and lynched.

The large Theodore Perry went to the bottom of Lake Erie Saturday morning in a storm, drowning five persons. The Captain and mate were rescued.

Complaints are made that Mayor Roche and Chief Hubbard have apparently forgotten all about the ordinance providing for the arresting or killing of dogs. Pedestrians are threatened by vagrant curs all over town.

The breach of promise suit brought by Lester L. Perkins against "Lucky" Baldwin of California, the wealthy bachelor, for $50,000, is understood to have been compromised. Miss Perkins is said to have received $15,000.

A movement is on foot to provide for the special education of Miss Helen Keller, the young deaf mute who has made such wonderful advance in her studies under the direction of Miss Sullivan. Miss Keller recently went through Texas, and more particularly to Austin, the State Capital, for the purpose of creating an impression in favor of the project.

The New London Stock Exchange during the last week became very stagnant, owing to the continued suffering alike, the party to the fighting powers and partly to the financial depression. American railway securities fluctuated all the morning of the week they were quite active and higher, then fell off again on the announcement of the failure of the Baltimore & Ohio deal.

It is left to conjecture that the Sheriff was afraid of Bellingham's escape was further than the truth was stated on him. Mr. Hanson is a big, burly, fearless, incorruptible, generous, good-hearted man, whose keenest sympathies get the better of his judgment. He is not suspicious and crafty enough. That has been frequently demonstrated during the Bellingham trial. He has often permitted both Bellingham and McDonald to have the run of their cells contrary to the rules of the jail regulations. On occasions even outsiders, or ignorant, or negligent ins, and the leading journals of the country made a determined attempt to strengthen the conviction in the confidence of the public and justify it for the terrible ordeal with baffled sympathy. Those efforts were to be proving futile. The conviction is happening the experiences of the darkest hours and heavy public pressure in the land.

A continuation of the present hot, dry-skin, dry-wrong policy will make the continuance of the Interstate Commissioners by the Senate next winter a matter of grave doubt. The people are not willing to maintain this high-salaried, expensive commission as an ornamental luxury, unless for any other purpose than the collection of statistics and the promulgation of harmonizing reports and wholesoming of railroad wrongs. Mr. Cleveland had better stir up the commissioners with a sharp stick or go on the lookout for new Commissioners. If the present Commissioners cannot or will not enforce the law and secure some benefits to the public it will be to the interest to ask for their resignations. In many of the States as well as in other countries the system exhibited in the Interstate has been effectively enforced by commissioners which did not hesitate to face loudest corporate monopoly and fearlessly execute the law in behalf of public interests. There seems to be no reason to doubt the success of the new law when administered by men of the right metal.

THE PRISONS QUESTION.

The competition in living in Wall street now, like the competition in other branches of business, becomes very keen. Its forthcoming has this competition proves that some of the speculative fraternity have practically abandoned modesty and now generously rob the truth. The leading operator says to his young lady friends, and it answers his purpose perfectly, as his statements are not believed. Everybody had some story to tell about the Baltimore & Ohio deal last week, and nearly all the reports were knocked over by a letter from Mr. Garrett stating that there was no Baltimore & Ohio deal. This is not generally believed. A statement was set afloat early in the week that Sherman was dead. He is as alive as ever. It was announced that yellow fever had broken out in Memphis. There is no yellow fever in Memphis and has been none this year. Wall street has also been exceedingly prolific in crop reports, a few of which may have had some truth in them.

The one great motive behind these efforts was to save poor brokers from starvation and rich brokers from bitter mites to fight unseen enemies. Wall street had got to a desperate pass. Outsiders refused to trade, and members did nothing but "wash" in order to make market quotations. But the conference resorted to avoid this, and the speculators have pretty much resigned themselves to waiting for the public to come to at their own motion. The sales of stocks last Saturday were accordingly less than 50,000 shares, which is very small even for a half-day in midsummer, and which reminds one of the customers of Wall street thirty years ago. So far has this depression gone that some of the younger members of the Stock Exchange have actually suggested to the Governing Committee that to those to close all the day of August. The fact is that, while Wall street does not among the quickest and shrewdest people in the world, they have failed to appreciate, or have been unable to fathom, the changes in the public mood as to speculation. The New York Stock Exchange no longer has the money it had a few years ago. The opportunities for speculative operations in this country have increased vastly within the last decade. Commodities now entirely out of the range of speculation have been taken in hand by the bulls and bears, branches of business formerly managed in an private a way as a general stock have been organized into combinations or trusts, real estate in parts of the country heretofore as dead as the silent grave has sprung into activity, and capital that used to drift into Wall street is now moving in a thousand other directions. If the New York Stock Exchange can follow these changes by taking hold stocks, coal certificates, and other evidences of property sensible to present fact it may catch up with the rest of the country, but its managers must be sure that the fundamentals which have of late made their losses so unattractive will go on.

The cause of Julius Runge was called early in the week in the gallery of those men who have tried to run servants in the economics of life and failed. The prisoner will give within a chance to serve in Europe servantly, and may turn the balance in our favor as that gold will flow to this country. Anyhow, it removes from the horizon of the business men another cloud, and is so much improved the outlook for the fall trade. There is very little effect a disturbing character. Some of the merchants are to be offered conditions having real sense in certain localities. There are signs that the note to collect are gathering for monthly remarks, but their appearance will probably draw them from attempting decline except for the present. Current reports of business are very favorable. The volume of transactions all over the country is much larger than last year. The demand for money in all parts of the country is good, and many of the mills have been obliged to increase their production. Trade in dry goods is on the gain. The most reliable advices from the grain fields are favorable, and the excess of prices in our city and other markets indicates that the stores of small grain are not bulwark. The weekly trade of failures are smaller than last year, but it must be admitted that large concerns are going down with unusual frequency. The aggregate of liabilities is greater than last year to date. Labor troubles have ceased to be an important feature in the situation.

The money market in Chicago is sensitive, but easier, and the rate is low in New York as it will have. The clearing-house reports of New York are showing their loans rapidly to proximity to accommodate of the country drain of currency were to begin. Their deposits fell off over $5,000,000 per week, and their actual cash reserves about $20,000. The accumulation of money in the United States Treasury is still a source of anxiety to financiers, some of whom declare that they will buy no securities till measures are adopted for relieving the surplus. The anticipated arraignment of the money market in the bill to prohibition of corporations using speculations and dealers in merchandise. Nothing is to worry at the time of going to press, but the predicament of the Bank of England continues a struggle in favor of maintaining the discounts of the previous week, as the current's reserve of supply here of late become restricted. The bank's rate of discount is still 2 per cent, but it will be raised soon in the absence as a bar between England's gold and America's needs.

WICKLIFFE MOTT.

William J. Mottright, the assistant superintendent of the County Hospital, the admitting and discharging agent of the county institutions, their clearing-house agent, is again a two-days brought the measure attendance of Sheriff Hanson. At Chicago was an excellent yesterday morning on morning of the convict's escape and the way he slipped through the Sheriff's fingers. Every known circumstance surrounded Sheriff Hanson when Lucky Bellingham confessed the murder of Dr. Cleveland last Saturday afternoon, Hanson and his associate were dispatched to attach a more accurate significance to the official's part in the affair, but no one who knows the Sheriff doubts his bravery or hesitates to believe him the victim of misplaced confidence in the designing knave who escaped from his custody. That Bellingham had accomplices is altogether probable. Unless he and he will soon be caught. If he had his escape in Chicago is probable. This is what is the story told by the Sheriff.

[illegible] Mott [illegible] evening Sheriff [illegible] Bellingham [illegible] Mott [illegible] Mott [illegible] Mott

THE NEWS FROM ABROAD.

PURSUED BY HIS FRIENDS.

What Is Was That Compelled the British Ministry to Adopt the Present Course—The Bait of Nineteen Conciliar Jewels Produced—The Recommendation that the League Be Suppressed—Subjection to Prussian State Independence.

LONDON, July 26.—An interview was had today with Mr. William O'Brien, member of Parliament and editor of United Ireland, on the subject of the Irish Land bill. Mr. O'Brien said that the first effect of the measure would be to bankrupt and destroy a majority of the landlords in Ireland, and the next effect to destroy the Government, which had purchased their consent. The measure was denounced by the Conservative party. After a utter struggle of six months, he said, the Ministry had accepted Mr. Parnell's bill, and it was the plan of campaign that had forced them to pursue their present course.

The Earl of Aberdeen, who arrived at Queenstown today from New York on the steamer Nordic, was interviewed on the Irish question. He spoke in the highest terms of the Irish all over the world.

The Daily Express says:

The Irish representatives sensibly view those who criticise them as the antagonists of the present Irish Government.

DUBLIN, July 26.—At a meeting of newspaper owners on the Dublin corporation today it was decided to accept the offer of a committee of the press room to study.

A general meeting of the Dublin Parish association, comprising over 1,000 members, was held last evening, presided over by Lord Iveagh, Sir Arthur Guinness, Bart., M. P., and Sir Thomas Lipton. The meeting was largely representative of the Catholic laity, and the Protestant and Nonconformist clergy. The meeting was addressed by Lord Iveagh, Lord Ashbourne, Lord Castletown, Lord Powerscourt, Lord Monteagle, Lord Ardilaun, Lord Plunket, Lord Dunraven, Lord Barrymore, Lord Headley, Lord Castlemaine, Lord Glenavy, Lord Castlerosse, Lord Ashtown, Lord Fingall, Lord Mayo, Lord Donoughmore, Lord Clonbrock, Lord Powerscourt, Lord Inchiquin

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SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

UNLISTED REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BOARDING AND HOUSING.

CLASSIFICATION.

FURNITURE WANTED.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CLOTHING.

CASH OFF CUSTOMERS.

TO EXCHANGE.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

TO RENT—FLATS.

TO RENT—STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT.

AGENTS WANTED.

FINANCIAL.

MACHINERY.

INSTRUCTION.

MEDICAL.

MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

STORAGE.

PROFESSIONAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE COURT CROWDS.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Why Are Men Not Male.

Value of Coins.

Is Depravity on the Farms of the Coast.

Custody of a Wife's Property.

The Parent Candidates.

Cost of the Education at Yale.

A Confidence Complaint.

Significance of the Illinois Central's Claims.

A Talk on the Tariff.

The Illinois Central and the Public.

"Confederate Photographs."

THE CITY.

IN GENERAL.

The explosion of Kirk's soap-factory boiler last Friday afternoon was by far longer and more powerful than most persons have supposed at the time. [illegible]

The body of an aged and unknown man is [illegible] in the lake at the foot of Randolph street yesterday and was [illegible] to the morgue by the Lincoln Street police.

Frank Kaspar, a middle-aged man living at No. 51 West Kinzie street, dug one end and Assembly street for an [illegible] in the Kaspar street cooling last Saturday night. The [illegible] the occupant of the hospital.

Early yesterday morning, on returning to [illegible] at No. 241 West Kinzie street, Detective Lawrence encountered an unknown man on the [illegible] who applied him in the shoulder and fled. Mr. Lawrence is not [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] of the assailant are in such a condition as the result of the assault.

The list of the committee who are to receive the President of the United States [illegible] yesterday, the committee to [illegible] the [illegible] of the Chicago Press and Typothetæ, [illegible] Mayor Harrison, Governor Yates, Lieutenant Governor Northcott, Speaker Shurtleff, Chief Justice Fuller, Justice Harlan, Justice Brewer, Justice Peckham, Justice McKenna, Justice White, Attorney General Knox, Postmaster General Payne, Secretary of the Navy Moody, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, Secretary of Commerce and Labor Cortelyou, Secretary of War Root, Secretary of State Hay, Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, Postmaster General Smith, Attorney General Knox, Senator Hanna, Senator Foraker, Senator Platt, Senator Depew, Senator Gorman, Senator Pettus, Senator Allison, Senator Spooner, Senator Quay, Senator Carmack, Senator Clark, Senator Kearns, Senator Dubois, Senator Teller, Senator Patterson, Senator Bard, Senator Burton, Senator Foster, Senator Mitchell, Senator Simon, Senator Scott, Senator Pettigrew, Senator Gamble, Senator Kittredge, Senator Heyburn, Senator Warren, Senator Millard, Senator Dietrich, Senator Fairbanks, Senator Perkins, Senator Proctor, Senator Wetmore, Senator Platt, Senator Kean, Senator Daniel, Senator Martin, Senator Mason, Senator Morgan, Senator Pritchard, Senator Turner, Senator Berry, Senator Clay, Senator Bacon, Senator Money, Senator Latimer, Senator McLaurin, Senator Tillman, Senator Chilton, Senator Culberson, Senator Rawlins, Senator Dubois, Senator Heitfeld, Senator Wolcott